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First name: Xenia

Last name: Andrews

Organization:

Title:

Comments: DOUG BURGUM

SECRETARY OF INTERIOR

READ AND COMPREHEND YOUR JOB DISCRPTION

WE ARE STILL HERE

OCCUPYING NORTH AMERICA'S CONTINENT

I'M STILL WAITING FOR MY MONTHLY CHECKS

STATE OF NEVADA

The Bureau of Land Management (BLM) enters into various contracts and agreements with Native American tribes, primarily through co-stewardship agreements to collaboratively manage public lands, incorporating tribal knowledge and fulfilling treaty rights. These contracts can also involve mineral and energy development on tribal lands, where the BLM works with tribes and the Bureau of Indian Affairs (BIA) to manage leases. Additionally, the BLM conducts government-to-government consultation with tribes to protect cultural resources and foster collaborative decision-making on land management issues that affect the Lands

Government-to-Government Tribal Consultation

The United States has made solemn promises to Tribal Nations for more than two centuries. At the Bureau of Land Management, which is a part of the Interior Department, honoring our nation-to-nation relationship with Tribal Nations, strengthening Tribal sovereignty and self-governance, and upholding the trust and treaty responsibilities are paramount to fulfilling our mission. This means going beyond just checking the box to say we talked to Tribal Nations when we take actions that may affect Native American communities.

As an agency, we respect the ties that Native communities have to the land. America's Indigenous peoples have roots that stretch back to before the founding of the United States-and are an important source of information for land management policy. We have learned that we best serve when we speak with and listen to tribal voices when formulating Federal policy that affects Tribal Nations.

That's why we are reaffirming our commitment to robust consultations as the cornerstone of federal Indian policy. For example, BLM engaged in formal Tribal consultation as part of a proposed 20-year withdrawal of federal lands within a 10-mile radius around Chaco Culture National Historical Park in New Mexico. Chaco Canyon and the greater connected landscape has a rich Tribal and cultural legacy. As part of the process, our goal is to manage existing energy development, honor sensitive areas important to Tribes, and build collaborative management frameworks toward a sustainable economic future for the region.

These efforts underscore our belief that the Federal Government has much to learn from Tribal Nations and strong communication is fundamental to a constructive relationship. Our approach to engaging with Tribal governments helps the BLM identify the cultural values, the religious beliefs, the traditional practices, and the legal rights of Native American people, which could be affected by BLM actions on public lands.

I WAS RAISED BY BOARDING SCHOOL CHILDREN "SURVIVORS"

YES THEY WAS MOLESTED BY

THE SUPERINTENDENT

AS WELL AS

THOSE NUNS

AND OTHER TRIBAL NATIONS TELLING ON

OUR GRANDPARENTS SPEAKING

THERE LANGUAGES TO EACH OTHER FOR SPECIAL PRIVILEGES

SURLY DIDN'T HELP EITHER

DIVIDE AND CONQUER TECHNIC USED AGAINST OUR TRIBAL NATIONS
406 YEARS AGO EUROPEAN IMMIGRANTS ARRIVING ON OUR LANDS
TOTING A BIBLE NOVEMBER 11, 1620
MAYFLOWER
EXCELLENT JOB ON THE BRAINWASHING TECHNIC TO
AND THE EUROPEAN IMMIGRANTS
150 YEAR CONTRACT ENDED
ON
JULY 1, 2026
TO EXIT NORTH AMERICA'S CONTINENT
WRITTEN IN OUR CONTRACTS
1. TREATIES
2. CONSTITUTIONS
3. CHARTERS
4. BI-LAWS
THE UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT
HAS THESE RECORDS
INCLUDING
JOHN CABOT (GIOVANNI CABATO)
BRITAIN'S APPOINTED NEWFOUNDLAND EXPLORER 1ST DISEASE CARRYING IMMIGRANT TO STEP
FOOT IN CANADA
JUNE 24, 1497
SHIP CALLED "MATTHEW"
YOU FOLKS NAMED THESE STATES
NOT THE SO CALLED
"AMERICAN INDIANS"
WE ARE THE CARE TAKERS TO THESE LANDS

AND WHICH TRIBAL NATIONS AGREED TO THIS DECADE 3026 RENUAL CONTRACT
BETWEEN THE UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT AND THE AMERICAN INDIANS ??
SECRETARIAL VOTE FROM 574 TRIBES OCCUPING NORTH AMERICA'S CONTINENT

IT IS NOT THE
CHAIRMAN'S OR TRIBAL COUNCIL DECISION
SOVEREIGNTY, SOVEREIGN, SOLVENT, SOLVENTRY, OR SOLIDARITY
JUST A MADE UP WORD
TO STEAL FAMILIES PROPERTIES
INCLUDING THE
SECRETARIAL OF INTERIOR (DOUG BURGUM)
OR
BUERA OF INDIAN AFFAIRS (BRYAN MERCIER)
BUERA OF LAND MANAGEMENT
DECISION ON OUR LANDS, WATER OR RENUAL CONTRACTS
LAND" SARAH FALLSDOWN 602 897 6418
"NATURAL RESOURCES"
KATHERINE WILSON 602 369 0642
WESTERN AGENCY
CONTROL ALL AMERICAN AGENCIES
KARRIEANN QUARTS
480 744 4329 LEFT MESSAGE WITH (JENNIFER ASHLEY)
SECRETARY OF INTERIOR

DOUG BURGUM 202 208 3100
DIRECTOR OF BUREAU OF INDIAN AFFAIRS
BRYAN MERCIER 202 208 5116 OR 202 208 3710
JUNE 30, 2026 AT 2:18 P.M
AMY ROBERTS 775 887 3571
amy.roberts@bia.gov
RELEASE THE SO CALLED "AMERICAN INDIANS TRUST FUNDS IIM ACCOUNTS
THEN YOU CAN
ABOLISH THE
"AMERICAN INDIAN ACT"

the Tribe's do not Consult with Corporations the official Tribal Consultation is with the Federal Government Agencies like BIA, BLM, USEPA, USDA, USFS, USFWS and the rest of those Agencies by Executive Order 13175 gives guidance on Trust Responsibility.

The county planning commission does not have the same stringent requirement as a Federal Agency like BLM.

The BLM the real culprit with the fake Lyin County Economic Development and Remediation Act it never passed in Congress!! ?? ????

The Bureau Of Indian Affairs was created within the US War Department in 1824 and is one of the oldest agencies in the United States

Of America

Doug Burgum can be reached through the U.S. Department of the Interior's Executive Secretariat email at exsec_exsec@ios.doi.gov or via the official Department of the Interior Contact Form. Official Contact Details Email: exsec_exsec@ios.doi.gov (Executive Secretariat) or douglas_burgum@ios.doi.gov Press Inquiries: Interior_Press@ios.doi.gov Phone: 202-208-7351 (DOI Executive Secretariat) Mailing Address: The Honorable Doug Burgum, Secretary, U.S. Department of the Interior, 1849 C Street, N.W., Washington, DC 20240 Tribal police and Federal law enforcement (such as the Bureau of Indian Affairs or FBI) hold inherent or direct authority on

Native American reservations
without needing outside permission.

State and local police generally lack automatic
authority on reservation lands unless specified
by federal law or special agreement

Tribal and Federal Authority Tribal Police: Operate directly under
tribal sovereignty to enforce tribal laws and police tribal members.

Under a U.S. Supreme Court ruling

(United States v. Cooley),

tribal officers also have the inherent authority

to temporarily stop, search, and detain

non-Indians on public rights-of-way within a reservation

if they suspect a law violation,

though they must hand them over to state or federal authorities

for actual arrest and prosecution.

Federal Officers:

Agencies like the Bureau of Indian Affairs (BIA)

Office of Justice Services and federal

investigators

(FBI) have full jurisdiction under

federal statutes (like the Major Crimes Act) to

investigate major crimes in

Indian Country.

State and Local Authority Exceptions

Public Law 280:

Passed by Congress in 1953,

this law explicitly granted certain states

(such as California, Minnesota, Nebraska, Oregon, Wisconsin, and Alaska)

mandatory criminal jurisdiction over

Indian reservations within their borders,

allowing state and local police to operate

without tribal permission.

Other states assumed partial jurisdiction

under the law.

Fresh Pursuit or Emergencies:

Non-tribal local police may enter a reservation in emergency situations or under specific

"fresh pursuit" doctrines if a suspect crossed onto tribal land from outside jurisdiction,

though legal boundaries remain complex.