Data Submitted (UTC 11): 3/11/2025 7:27:40 PM

First name: Anne Last name: Buckley Organization:

Title:

Comments: To US Forest Service:

I urge the U.S. Forest Service to Finalize a Strong Northwest Forest Plan. For 30 years, the Northwest Forest Plan has protected Oregon's mature and old-growth forests and the wildlife that depends on those forests for survival. It largely halted the unchecked clearcutting that threatened to destroy our forests and drive species to extinction - and that ignited the timber wars.

Now the U.S. Forest Service is proposing an amendment to the Plan that prioritizes and accelerates logging, and puts our forests, fish, wildlife, clean water, and climate at risk which is unacceptable!

Alternative B (the Proposed Alternative) and Alternative D options in the Draft EIS would extend the threshold on logging from 80 year stands to 120 in moist forest and 150 in dry forest. This is unacceptable and would conflict with the foundational objective for the forest plan to adequately protect endangered and sensitive species like the Marbled Murrelet, Northern Spotted Owl, and Humboldt's flying squirrel that depend on closed-canopy mature and old-growth forests for survival. I urge the U.S. Forest Service to retain the threshold at 80 years.

The DEIS relies on flawed justification that logging and thinning in mature west-side moist forests will reduce fire risk. Current scientific evidence refutes this. The best way to minimize fire risk and increase climate resiliency is to let moist forests grow and develop canopy closure.

Fire management only needs to occur within the fire danger or "ignition zone" near at-risk communities and other human infrastructure. The most effective way to reduce the threat of wildlife to communities is to treat fuels in the immediate vicinity of homes, buildings and other vulnerable infrastructure.

The USFS's engagement with the Tribes in the development of the DEIS is laudable and needs to continue. The agency has made meaningful commitments to respect Tribal sovereignty, honor treaty rights, fulfill trust responsibilities, and facilitate co-stewardship. The final Plan should advance the Tribal inclusion components forward independently and not tied to any of the alternatives (in particular the Proposed Alternative B and Alternative D).

It is imperative that the U.S. Forest Service (USFS) approves a final Plan that prioritizes wildlife, climate, and ancient forests...not logging at all costs!!