Data Submitted (UTC 11): 8/23/2023 9:32:40 PM First name: Lora Last name: Leland Organization: Title: Comments: The SDEIS is considering two alternatives: maintain the status quo or no grazing.

I say NO GRAZING!!!!!!!!

The choice is simple for wildlife protection the decision should END grazing in the High Uintas Wilderness in order to protect native wildlife, restore the degraded watershed, and enhance opportunities for an increasingly rare Wilderness experience.

To mitigate impacts to the few affected ranchers, the Forest Service could decide to retire grazing permits that are voluntarily waived back to the agency, giving the ranchers the opportunity to seek compensation from conservation interests before the allotments are permanently closed.

I urge you to do the right thing and protect native wildlife and the fragile environment and habitat of the high elevation alpine basins of the High Uintas Wilderness from ANY domestic sheep grazing ever again!

The High Uintas Wilderness should be dedicated to its native wildlife ONLY, NOT sheep!!! To the extent livestock grazing is allowed, it should be limited so as to not compete with wildlife for food or space or to spread disease to native species.

*Grazing by domestic sheep and cows compromises the High Uintas watersheds, fouls the lakes and streams, and severely degrades the experience of visitors seeking a Wilderness experience. Grazing should be curtailed to meet the public's interest in protecting the High Uintas for wildlife and an authentic Wilderness experience for visitors.

*Domestic sheep grazing is incompatible with recovering native bighorn sheep population. If domestic sheep grazing remains in the High Uintas, the native bighorn sheep are likely doomed.

*NO Killing ANY native predators to protect privately owned sheep or cows!!! Killing native predators should be absolutely prohibited if domestic livestock grazing is wrongly allowed to continue. The SDEIS fails to disclose how many native predators-such as black bears, mountain lions, or coyotes-are killed in the High Uintas Wilderness to protect domestic sheep. The SDEIS also fails to disclose the effects continued sheep grazing has on the potential for recovering native wildlife such as wolves and grizzly bears.

*Support the NO grazing option as it is best for the wildlife, watersheds, recreation, and the Wilderness. At the very least, the Forest Service should close any sheep grazing allotment if the permit is waived back to the Forest Service.