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Comments: Killing native predators to protect cows or sheep should be prohibited if domestic livestock grazing is allowed to continue. SDEIS fails to disclose how many native predators (i.e. black bears, mountain lions and coyotes) are killed in the High Uintas Wilderness to protect domestic sheep. The SDEIS fails to disclose the effects continued sheep grazing has on the potential for recovering native wildlife (i.e. wolves and grizzly bears). Grazing by domestic cows and sheep compromises the High Uintas watersheds, fouls the lakes and streams. Severly degrades the experience of visitors seeking a Wilderness experience. Grazing should be curtailed to meet the public's interest in protecting the High Uintas for wildlife. This is an authentic Wilderness experience for visitors. Domestic sheep grazing is incompatible with recovering native bighorn sheep population. If domestic sheep grazing remains in the High Uintas, the native bighorn sheep will be doomed. The High Uintas Wilderness must be dedicated to its native wildlife. Livestock grazing is allowed, but should be limited so as to not compete with wildlife for food, space or to spread disease to native species. Please support the no grazing option as it is best for the wildlife, watersheds, recreation, and the Wilderness. The Forest Service should close any sheep grazing allotment if the permit is waived back to the Forest Service. Thank you for defending the High Uintas Wilderness from domestic sheep.