Data Submitted (UTC 11): 12/8/2019 9:00:00 AM First name: Ellen Last name: Hannan Organization: Craig Fish & Game Advisory Committee Title: Chair Comments: Comments from Craig, Alaska

Please find comments attached from Craig Fish and Game Advisory Council. There are three pages.

Sincerely,

Ellen Hannan

Craig AC Chair

The following text was copy/pasted from an attached letter. The system cannot display the formatting, graphics, or tables from the attached original.

CRAIG FISH & amp; GAME ADVISORY COMMITTEE RESOLUTION 2019-1

A RESOLUTION IN SUPPORT OF THE 2001 ROADLESS RULE / IN SUPPORT OF ALTERNATIVE

1 IN THE ALASKA ROADLESS RULE-MAKING PROCESS

WHEREAS. the local Advisory Committees were established to promote and protect the common interest of Alaska's fishery and wildlife resources, which is a vital component of Alaska's social, economic and ecological well-being; and

WHEREAS, the Craig Advisory Committee represents the voices of fish and wildlife users based in Craig and is made up of representatives from the following stakeholder groups: subsistence resource users, hunting. gillnetters. trollers, resident sport fishers, longliners, trappers, charter guides. hunting guides; and

WHEREAS, many Craig residents obtain their livelihoods from economic activities including fishing, which is highly dependent on a pristine and productive natural setting; and

WHEREAS. salmon and other marine resource populations are facing increased challenges from changing ocean conditions, climate change, ocean acidification, rising water temperatures in streams, ocean warming events in the Pacific Ocean and freshwater habitat development in the contiguous United States; and

WHEREAS, Sitka black-tail deer populations are an important subsistence resource for community members that depend on the intact, old-growth forests and the large canopy they support for winter habitat: and

WHEREAS. old-growth forests support healthy fish and wildlife habitat and protect some of Prince of Wales Island's highly productive streams and original intact forest areas that haven't been recently logged: and

WHEREAS. Roadless and LUD II areas on the Tongass are essential to Southeast Alaska's way of life and represent some of the most spectacular and unique Roadless areas anywhere in the National Forest System and support hunting, fishing. customary and traditional uses, unparalleled outdoor recreation opportunities: and

WHEREAS. the amount of carbon stored in the intact old-growth forests and soils of the Tongass National Forest represent one of the highest carbon stores in the world. and the conservation of intact Roadless areas and old-growth forests on the Tongass are essential for maintaining local and national climate resilience and slowing down climate change throughout the world; and

WHEREAS. increased logging of old-growth forests in the existing Roadless areas of the Tongass would seriously impact the ability of the forest to provide this vital ecosystem with clean water, clean air, stream temperature regulation. and healthy salmon and wildlife habitat; and

WHEREAS, the fishing and visitor industries that provide the economic backbone of Southeast Alaska depend on pristine. scenic vistas. wilderness and healthy, productive watersheds; and

WHEREAS, opening up Roadless areas for future development industrial-scale logging will actively work against the Tongass Transition and the 2016 Tongass Land Management Plan Amendment, which was created after years of collaborative work between a diverse group of stakeholders: and

WHEREAS, during the scoping process for the Alaska Specific Roadless Rule-making process that was initiated by the Secretary of Agriculture in August 2018, Craig and other communities throughout Southeast Alaska spoke out in strong support of the 2001 Roadless Rule, along with over 90% of the official scoping comments received strongly in support of maintaining the 2001 Roadless Rule on the Tongass National Forest; and

WHEREAS, the State of Alaska invested time, staff and money to convene a stakeholder-led Citizen Advisory Committee in 2018 that provided recommendations and perspectives from different interest groups in Southeast Alaska on what a workable compromise for an Alaska Roadless Rule could look like: and

WHEREAS. the proposed alternative of the Forest Service for a full exemption from the 2001 Roadless Rule goes contrary to public opinion, the recommendations put forward by the Citizen Advisory Committee. the input from tribal governments and input from local commercial fishermen and guides; and

THEREFORE. BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED that the economic livelihoods and subsistence harvesting of Craig residents would be irreparably harmed by the effects of a full exemption from the Roadless Rule on the Tongass, which would lead to increased climate change. increased threats to fish habitat and development occurring in pristine natural areas that contribute to the tourism potential and natural beauty of the Tongass National Forest: and

THEREFORE, BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED that the Craig Fish and Game Advisory Committee encourages the USFS to invest in programs, workforce development and employment opportunities for Southeast Alaskan residents to restore the health and productivity of the Tongass National Forest's degraded watersheds and streams, as a means of supporting vital ecosystem services and economic opportunities such as carbon sequestration. small-scale selective timber harvest. fish and wildlife populations, natural vistas, visitor amenities, subsistence, hydrological resources and more; and

BE IT FINALLY RESOLVED, the Craig Fish and Game Advisory Committee asks that the Forest Service and Secretary of Agriculture adopt Alternative 1- the NO ACTION ALTERNATIVE- and keep the 2001 Roadless Rule in place on the Tongass National Forest.

CERTIFICATION: PASSED and APPROVED by the Craig Fish and Game Advisory Committee this 25th day of November, 209

[Signature]

Ellen Hannan, Chair, Craig Fish & amp; Game Advisory Committee Date

Attested [Image of Notary Logo]

[Signature]

[Position]