

# Safety Data Sheet



## 1. IDENTIFICATION OF THE MATERIAL AND SUPPLIER

**Product Name:** **QUICKLIME**

**Other name(s):** Calcium oxide; Burnt lime; Unslaked lime; Fluxing lime; Calx.

**Recommended Use of the Chemical and Restrictions on Use** Manufacture of glass, pulp and paper, building materials.

**Supplier:** Ixom Operations Pty Ltd  
**ABN:** 51 600 546 512  
**Street Address:** Level 8, 1 Nicholson Street  
East Melbourne Victoria 3002  
Australia

**Telephone Number:** +61 3 9906 3000  
**Emergency Telephone:** **1 800 033 111 (ALL HOURS)**

Please ensure you refer to the limitations of this Safety Data Sheet as set out in the "Other Information" section at the end of this Data Sheet.

## 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Not classified as Dangerous Goods by the criteria of the Australian Dangerous Goods Code (ADG Code) for transport by Road and Rail; NON-DANGEROUS GOODS.

This material is hazardous according to Safe Work Australia; HAZARDOUS CHEMICAL.

### Classification of the chemical:

Skin Irritation - Category 2  
Eye Damage - Category 1  
Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure) - Category 3

**SIGNAL WORD:** DANGER



### Hazard Statement(s):

H315 Causes skin irritation.  
H318 Causes serious eye damage.  
H335 May cause respiratory irritation.

### Precautionary Statement(s):

#### Prevention:

P261 Avoid breathing dust / fume / gas / mist / vapours / spray.  
P264 Wash hands thoroughly after handling.  
P271 Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.  
P280 Wear protective gloves / protective clothing / eye protection / face protection.

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## Response:

P302+P352 IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water.

P332+P313 If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention.

P362 Take off contaminated clothing and wash before reuse.

P321 Specific treatment (see First Aid Measures on Safety Data Sheet).

P305+P351+P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

P310 Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician.

P304+P340 IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.

P312 Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician if you feel unwell.

## Storage:

P403+P233 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.

P405 Store locked up.

## Disposal:

P501 Dispose of contents and container in accordance with local, regional, national, international regulations.

**Poisons Schedule (SUSMP):** None allocated.

## 3. COMPOSITION AND INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Components	CAS Number	Proportion	Hazard Codes
Calcium oxide	1305-78-8	100%	H315 H318 H335

## 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

For advice, contact a Poisons Information Centre (e.g. phone Australia 131 126; New Zealand 0800 764 766) or a doctor.

### Inhalation:

Remove victim from area of exposure - avoid becoming a casualty. Remove contaminated clothing and loosen remaining clothing. Allow patient to assume most comfortable position and keep warm. Keep at rest until fully recovered. If patient finds breathing difficult and develops a bluish discolouration of the skin (which suggests a lack of oxygen in the blood - cyanosis), ensure airways are clear of any obstruction and have a qualified person give oxygen through a face mask. Apply artificial respiration if patient is not breathing. Seek immediate medical advice.

### Skin Contact:

If skin or hair contact occurs, immediately remove any contaminated clothing and wash skin and hair thoroughly with running water and soap. If swelling, redness, blistering or irritation occurs seek medical assistance.

### Eye Contact:

Immediately wash in and around the eye area with large amounts of water for at least 15 minutes. Eyelids to be held apart. Remove clothing if contaminated and wash skin. Urgently seek medical assistance. Transport promptly to hospital or medical centre. Continue to wash with large amounts of water until medical help is available.

### Ingestion:

Immediately rinse mouth with water. If swallowed, do NOT induce vomiting. Give a glass of water. Never give anything by the mouth to an unconscious patient. Get to a doctor or hospital quickly.

### Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed:

Treat symptomatically. Can cause corneal burns. Material is strongly alkaline and corrosive.

## 5. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

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## **Suitable Extinguishing Media:**

Not combustible, however, if material is involved in a fire use: Extinguishing media appropriate to surrounding fire conditions.

## **Specific hazards arising from the chemical:**

Non-combustible material.

## **Special protective equipment and precautions for fire-fighters:**

Non-combustible material. Fire fighters to wear self-contained breathing apparatus and suitable protective clothing if risk of exposure to products of decomposition.

## **6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES**

### **Emergency procedures/Environmental precautions:**

Clear area of all unprotected personnel. If contamination of sewers or waterways has occurred advise local emergency services.

### **Personal precautions/Protective equipment/Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up:**

Wear protective equipment to prevent skin and eye contact and breathing in vapours/dust. Sweep up, but avoid generating dust. Collect and seal in properly labelled containers or drums for disposal. Wash area down with excess water. Caution - heat may be evolved on contact with water.

## **7. HANDLING AND STORAGE**

### **Precautions for safe handling:**

Avoid skin and eye contact and breathing in dust. Avoid handling which leads to dust formation.

### **Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities:**

Store in a cool, dry, well ventilated place. Store away from incompatible materials described in Section 10. Store away from acids. Keep dry - reacts with water, may lead to drum rupture. Protect from moisture. Store under inert gas. Keep containers closed when not in use - check regularly for spills.

## **8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION**

Calcium oxide: 8hr TWA = 2 mg/m<sup>3</sup>

As published by Safe Work Australia Workplace Exposure Standards for Airborne Contaminants.

TWA - The time-weighted average airborne concentration of a particular substance when calculated over an eight-hour working day, for a five-day working week.

These Workplace Exposure Standards are guides to be used in the control of occupational health hazards. All atmospheric contamination should be kept to as low a level as is workable. These workplace exposure standards should not be used as fine dividing lines between safe and dangerous concentrations of chemicals. They are not a measure of relative toxicity.

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## Appropriate engineering controls:

Ensure ventilation is adequate to maintain air concentrations below Workplace Exposure Standards. Keep containers closed when not in use.

If in the handling and application of this material, safe exposure levels could be exceeded, the use of engineering controls such as local exhaust ventilation must be considered and the results documented. If achieving safe exposure levels does not require engineering controls, then a detailed and documented risk assessment using the relevant Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) (refer to PPE section below) as a basis must be carried out to determine the minimum PPE requirements.

## Individual protection measures, such as Personal Protective Equipment (PPE):

The selection of PPE is dependent on a detailed risk assessment. The risk assessment should consider the work situation, the physical form of the chemical, the handling methods, and environmental factors.

OVERALLS, SAFETY SHOES, CHEMICAL GOGGLES, GLOVES, DUST MASK.



Wear overalls, chemical goggles and impervious gloves. Avoid generating and inhaling dusts. If determined by a risk assessment an inhalation risk exists, wear a dust mask/respirator meeting the requirements of AS/NZS 1715 and AS/NZS 1716. Always wash hands before smoking, eating, drinking or using the toilet. Wash contaminated clothing and other protective equipment before storage or re-use.

## 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

<b>Physical state:</b>	Powder
<b>Colour:</b>	White
<b>Odour:</b>	Odourless
<b>Molecular Formula:</b>	CaO
<b>Solubility:</b>	Reacts with water. Soluble in acids .
<b>Specific Gravity:</b>	3.3 @25°C
<b>Relative Vapour Density (air=1):</b>	Not available
<b>Vapour Pressure (20 °C):</b>	Not available
<b>Flash Point (°C):</b>	Not applicable
<b>Flammability Limits (%):</b>	Not available
<b>Autoignition Temperature (°C):</b>	Not available
<b>Melting Point/Range (°C):</b>	2614
<b>Boiling Point/Range (°C):</b>	2850 (literature)
<b>Decomposition Point (°C):</b>	Not available
<b>pH:</b>	12.5 - 12.8 (1.65 g/L, 25°C)

## 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

**Reactivity:** Reacts exothermically with acids. Reacts exothermically on dilution with water.

**Chemical stability:** Crumbles on exposure to air. Readily absorbs carbon dioxide and moisture from air. Reacts with water to form calcium hydroxide with evolution of heat. Becomes incandescent when heated near its melting point.

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<b>Possibility of hazardous reactions:</b>	Hazardous polymerisation will not occur. Becomes incandescent when heated near its boiling point.
<b>Conditions to avoid:</b>	Avoid exposure to air. Avoid contact with acids . Avoid exposure to moisture.
<b>Incompatible materials:</b>	Incompatible with acids , moisture , water , aluminium .
<b>Hazardous decomposition products:</b>	Oxides of calcium.

## 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

No adverse health effects expected if the product is handled in accordance with this Safety Data Sheet and the product label. Symptoms or effects that may arise if the product is mishandled and overexposure occurs are:

<b>Ingestion:</b>	Swallowing can result in nausea, vomiting, diarrhoea, and gastrointestinal irritation.
<b>Eye contact:</b>	A severe eye irritant. Contamination of eyes can result in permanent injury.
<b>Skin contact:</b>	Contact with skin will result in irritation.
<b>Inhalation:</b>	Material is irritant to the mucous membranes of the respiratory tract (airways). Inflammation of the respiratory passages, ulceration and perforation of the nasal septum, and pneumonia have been attributed to inhalation of calcium oxide dust; severe irritation of the upper respiratory tract usually causes people to avoid extreme exposure.

**Acute toxicity:** No LD50 data available for the product.

<b>Skin corrosion/irritation:</b>	Severe irritant (human).
<b>Serious eye damage/irritation:</b>	Severe irritant (rabbit).
<b>Respiratory or skin sensitisation:</b>	No information available.

**Chronic effects:**

<b>Mutagenicity:</b>	No information available.
<b>Carcinogenicity:</b>	Not listed as carcinogenic according to the International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC).
<b>Reproductive toxicity:</b>	No information available.
<b>Specific Target Organ Toxicity (STOT) - single exposure:</b>	May cause respiratory irritation.
<b>Specific Target Organ Toxicity (STOT) - repeated exposure:</b>	No information available.
<b>Aspiration hazard:</b>	No information available.

## 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

<b>Ecotoxicity</b>	Avoid contaminating waterways.
<b>Persistence/degradability:</b>	No information available.
<b>Bioaccumulative potential:</b>	No information available.
<b>Mobility in soil:</b>	No information available.

Product Name: QUICKLIME  
Substance No: 000034372901

Issued: 23/09/2019  
Version: 5

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96hr LC50 (fish): 1,070 mg/L (Carp)

## 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

### Disposal methods:

Refer to Waste Management Authority. Dispose of material through a licensed waste contractor.

## 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

### Road and Rail Transport

Not classified as Dangerous Goods by the criteria of the Australian Dangerous Goods Code (ADG Code) for transport by Road and Rail; NON-DANGEROUS GOODS.

### Marine Transport

Not classified as Dangerous Goods by the criteria of the International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code (IMDG Code) for transport by sea; NON-DANGEROUS GOODS.

### Air Transport

Classified as Dangerous Goods by the criteria of the International Air Transport Association (IATA) Dangerous Goods Regulations for transport by air; DANGEROUS GOODS.

**UN No:** 1910  
**Transport Hazard Class:** 8 Corrosive  
**Packing Group:** III  
**Proper Shipping Name or Technical Name:** CALCIUM OXIDE

## 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

### Classification:

This material is hazardous according to Safe Work Australia; HAZARDOUS CHEMICAL.

### Classification of the chemical:

Skin Irritation - Category 2

Eye Damage - Category 1

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure) - Category 3

### Hazard Statement(s):

H315 Causes skin irritation.

H318 Causes serious eye damage.

H335 May cause respiratory irritation.

**Poisons Schedule (SUSMP):** None allocated.

This material is listed on the Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances (AICS).

## 16. OTHER INFORMATION

Supplier Safety Data Sheet; 09/ 2017.

This safety data sheet has been prepared by Ixom Operations Pty Ltd (Toxicology & SDS Services).

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## **Reason(s) for Issue:**

5 Yearly Revised Primary SDS

This SDS summarises to our best knowledge at the date of issue, the chemical health and safety hazards of the material and general guidance on how to safely handle the material in the workplace. Since Ixom Operations Pty Ltd cannot anticipate or control the conditions under which the product may be used, each user must, prior to usage, assess and control the risks arising from its use of the material.

If clarification or further information is needed, the user should contact their Ixom representative or Ixom Operations Pty Ltd at the contact details on page 1.

Ixom Operations Pty Ltd's responsibility for the material as sold is subject to the terms and conditions of sale, a copy of which is available upon request.